Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan

Actuarial Valuation Report for Bay-Arenac Behavioral Health Authority as of December 31, 2023



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December 18, 2024

Bay County Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association (VEBA) – Board of Trustees Bay City, Michigan

Re: Bay-Arenac Behavioral Health Authority Actuarial Funding Valuation as of December 31, 2023

Dear Board Members:

The results of the December 31, 2023 Biennial Actuarial Funding Valuation of the Bay-Arenac Behavioral Health Authority (BABH) via the Bay County Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association are presented in this report.

This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the VEBA, Bay County, BABH, and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the VEBA only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Board. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The purposes of the valuation are to measure the Plan's funding progress and to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution for the calendar years ending December 31, 2026 and December 31, 2027. This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purposes described herein. Determinations of financial results, associated with the benefits described in this report, for purposes other than those identified above may be significantly different. This report does not include actuarial information needed to satisfy reporting requirements under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

This valuation assumed the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this Plan. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

Results presented in this report are developed using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in this report. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. This report does not include a robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions. Additional assessment of risks was outside the scope of this assignment. We encourage a review and assessment of the investment and other significant risks that may have a material effect on the plan's financial condition.

Bay County VEBA Board Trustees December 18, 2024 Page 2

The findings in this report are based on information furnished by Bay County and BABH concerning retiree health care benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal reasonability and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by Bay County and BABH.

This report was prepared using assumptions adopted by the Board. All actuarial assumptions used in this report are reasonable for the purposes of this valuation. All actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation follow the guidance in the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. Additional information about the actuarial assumptions is included in the section of this report titled Actuarial Cost Methods and Actuarial Assumptions.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which, in our professional judgment, has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retiree health programs. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

James D. Anderson and Shana M. Neeson are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). These actuaries meet the Academy's Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

Respectfully submitted, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

James D. anderson

James D. Anderson, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Shana M. Neeson, ASA, FCA, MAAA

Shana M Nelson

JDA/SMN:rmn

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Executive Summary

Actuarially Determined Contribution

We have calculated the Actuarially Determined Contribution for the calendar years ending December 31, 2026 and December 31, 2027 under an interest rate assumption of 7.00%. Below is a summary of the results. The Actuarially Determined Contribution and estimated premiums shown below include the impact of any implicit rate subsidy present in your pre-65 rates.

	Actuarially Determined	Estimated Premiums
Calendar Year Ending	Contribution	Paid for Retirees
December 31, 2026	\$0	\$ 580,665
December 31, 2027	0	613,986

For additional details please see the section titled "Valuation Results."

Liabilities and Assets – as of December 31, 2023

Present Value of Future Benefit Payments	\$ 12,302,742
2. Actuarial Accrued Liability	10,338,798
3. Plan Assets	25,666,398
4. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) – (3)	(15,327,600)
5. Funded Ratio (3)/(2)	248.3%

The Present Value of Future Benefit Payments (PVFB) is the present value of all benefits projected to be paid from the plan for past and future service to current members. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the portion of the PVFB allocated to past service by the Plan's funding method (see the section titled "Actuarial Cost Methods and Actuarial Assumptions").



SECTION A

VALUATION RESULTS

Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH - Results as of December 31, 2023

Α.	Present Value of Future Benefits	
	i) Retirees and Beneficiaries	\$ 6,374,820
	ii) Vested Terminated Members	0
	iii) Active Members	<u>5,927,922</u>
	Total Present Value of Future Benefits	\$ 12,302,742
В.	Present Value of Future Normal Costs	1,963,944
C.	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AB.)	10,338,798
D.	Actuarial Value of Assets	25,666,398
E.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (CD.)	\$(15,327,600)
F.	Funded Ratio (D./C.)	248.3%
G.	Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2026	
	i) Employer Normal Cost	\$ 266,237
	ii) Amortization of UAAL*	(1,848,953)
	Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 0
Н.	Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2027	
	Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 0

^{*} The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) were amortized as a level percent of active member payroll over a closed 12-year period for the calendar year ending December 31, 2026 and decreasing by one each year thereafter.

The long-term rate of investment return used in this valuation is 7.00%.



Comments

Comment A: The Actuarial Accrued Liability and Present Value of Future Benefit Payments (PVFB) increased and the Actuarially Determined Contribution remained level since the prior valuation.

Reasons for the increase in liability and PVFB include, but are not limited to the following:

- Unfavorable post-65 premium experience;
- An assumption change: Implementation of assumption changes adopted from the five-year experience study ending December 31, 2021, issued August 31, 2023; and
- An assumption change: Adjustment to the health care cost trend rates.

The impact of the assumption changes noted above increased the liabilities by approximately \$1,260,000.

Comment B: One of the key assumptions used in any valuation of the cost of postemployment benefits is the rate of return on the assets that will be used to pay Plan benefits. Higher assumed investment returns will result in a lower Actuarially Determined Contribution. Lower returns will tend to increase the Actuarially Determined Contribution. We have calculated the liability and the resulting Actuarially Determined Contribution using an assumed annual rate of investment return of 7.00%. The investment return assumption should not exceed reasonable market expectations.

Comment C: The plan sponsor is required by GASB to perform actuarial valuations at least biennially or more frequent if significant changes in the OPEB are made in the interim.

Comment D: The contribution amounts shown include amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a closed 12-year period for the calendar year ending December 31, 2026 and decreasing by one each year thereafter. For this valuation, assets represent 248.3% of accrued liabilities; for the last valuation, the ratio was 350.7 %. Given the funded status of the Plan, BABH should consider starting to pay benefits from the trust, if the Plan document allows.

Comment E: The asset split between the various groups was provided by the County. Relative to expectations, the Plan experienced unfavorable investment performance during calendar year 2022 and favorable investment performance during calendar year 2023.

Comment F: This valuation covers the retiree health benefits provided by the Bay-Arenac Behavioral Health Authority (BABH) via the Bay County Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association.

Comment G: The GASB issued Statement Nos. 74 and 75 for OPEB valuations. GASB Statement No. 74 for the plan OPEB disclosures was effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. GASB Statement No. 75 for employer OPEB disclosures was effective for employer fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The GASB implementation guides for Statement Nos. 74 and 75 provide additional clarification related to the implementation of these Statements. It is our understanding that the Bay-Arenac Behavioral Health Authority and the County need to comply with GASB Statement No. 75 for each measurement date ending December 31st. The basis for the September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2025 GASB Statement No. 75 reporting information is expected to be this valuation (as of December 31, 2023), where roll-forward techniques will be applied.



Comments

Comment H: The Michigan State Treasurer has established uniform actuarial assumptions as required by Public Act 202 (PA 202) of 2017 for use with annual Form 5572 (Retirement System Annual Report). The use of the uniform assumptions for reporting purposes is required for each future fiscal year ending September 30th. Consistent with past practice, GRS plans to provide the necessary PA 202 uniform assumption information as part of the GASB Statement No. 75 reports.

Comment I: Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the market value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regards to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

- The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations;
- A funded status measurement in this report of 100% is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were 100%, the Plan would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit). In the instance of the BABH, the contribution requirement is \$0 because the overfunding credit is more than sufficient to offset the normal cost contribution; and
- The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the need for or the amount of future employer contributions.





RETIREE PREMIUM RATE DEVELOPMENT

Rate Development

Initial premium rates were developed for the two classes of retirees (pre-65 and post-65). The January 1, 2025 fully-insured rates provided by Bay County BABH were utilized to determine the appropriate premium rates. The pre-65 fully-insured premiums are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and pre-65 retired members; therefore, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees since the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees. The true per capita cost for the pre-65 retirees is developed by adjusting the demographic differences between the active employees and retirees to reflect this implicit rate subsidy for the retirees.

For the post-65 retirees, the January 1, 2025 fully-insured MAPD premium rates were used as the basis of the initial per capita cost without adjustments since the rate reflects the demographics of the post-65 retiree group. Because the January 1, 2025 rate was assumed to incorporate known cost sharing shifts as a result of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 on the standard Part D plan design (resulting in higher plan costs), no further adjustments were made, except to align the premium to the valuation date.

Age graded and sex distinct premiums are utilized in this valuation. The premiums developed by the preceding processes are appropriate for the unique age and sex distribution currently existing. Over the future years covered by this valuation, the age and sex distribution will most likely change. Therefore, our process "distributes" the average premium over all age/sex combinations and assigns a unique premium for each specific age/sex combination. The age/sex specific premiums more accurately reflect the health care utilization and cost at that age.

Current and Future Retirees

Expected Health Care Cost by Age for Medical and Prescription Drugs				
Age	Male	Female		
45	\$ 467.04	\$ 644.57		
50	608.13	749.16		
55	800.24	873.74		
60	1,033.55	1,017.69		
64	1,256.82	1,186.10		
65	276.36	260.67		
70	301.06	291.32		
75	323.34	315.51		



Rate Development (Concluded)

The dental and vision premium rates were not "age graded" for this valuation because dental and vision claims do not vary significantly by age. The monthly dental and vision premium rates used in this valuation are shown below:

	Dental and Vision					
	Pre	e-65	Pos	t-65		
Group	One-Person Two-Person		One-Person	Two-Person		
BABH	\$23.87	\$47.28	\$23.87	\$47.28		



Health Care Cost Trend Assumption

The health care cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health care claims over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of health care services, plan design, and technological improvements. It is a crucial economic assumption that is required for measuring retiree health care benefit obligations.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption (trend vector) that changes over the years. The trend vector used in this valuation begins with a near-term trend assumption and declines over a time to an ultimate trend rate. The near-term rates reflect the increases in the current cost of health care goods and services. The process of trending down to a lower ultimate trend relies on the theory that premiums will moderate over the long term, otherwise the healthcare sector would eventually consume the entire GDP. It is on this basis that we project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for the next 15 years, but by less each year until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in this valuation.

While experience is often the best starting point for future costs, GRS does not rely on a group's experience in setting the near-term trend assumptions since trends vary significantly from year to year and are not credible for most groups. Therefore, professional judgment, trends from GRS' book of business and industry benchmarks (e.g., trend reports from various Pharmacy Benefit Management (PBM) organizations and national healthcare benefit consulting firms) are used in conjunction with a group's historical experience to establish the trend assumptions.

The combined medical and prescription drug per capita costs are projected to increase as shown in the table below:

	Health Care Trend Inflation Rates						
Year After	Medica	al/Drug					
Valuation	Non-Medicare (Pre-65)	Medicare (Post-65)	Dental/Vision				
1	7.25%	6.50%	3.50%				
_							
2	7.00%	6.25%	3.50%				
3	6.75%	6.00%	3.50%				
4	6.50%	5.75%	3.50%				
5	6.25%	5.75%	3.50%				
6	6.00%	5.50%	3.50%				
7	5.75%	5.25%	3.50%				
8	5.50%	5.00%	3.50%				
9	5.00%	4.75%	3.50%				
10	4.75%	4.50%	3.50%				
11	4.50%	4.25%	3.50%				
12	4.25%	4.25%	3.50%				
13	4.00%	4.00%	3.50%				
14	3.75%	3.75%	3.50%				
15	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%				
16+	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%				



Actuarial Disclosures

The premium rates used in this valuation were developed using the proprietary Excel models which, in Kurt Dosson professional judgment, provide the initial projected costs which are consistent with the purposes of the valuation. We perform tests to ensure that the models, in their entirety, reasonably represent that which is intended to be modeled.

Aging factors used in the premium development models were developed based on the information and data from a 2013 study commissioned by the Society of Actuaries entitled "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death."

Kurt Dosson is a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to certify the per capita retiree health care rates shown on page B-1 and the health care trend rates shown on page B-3.

Kurt Dosson, ASA, FCA, MAAA



SECTION C

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS

Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH Summary of the Benefit Provisions as of December 31, 2023

			When do retiree	Coverage	e Provided	Retiree		Retiree Share of	Cost for	
Leaving Employment	Eligibility for	Eligibility for Retiree	health benefits		nployer	Health Care	Type of		Spouse (while	Spouse (after
as a Result of	Pension Benefit	Health Benefit	commence?	Retiree	Spouse	Provider(s)	Insurance	Retiree	Retiree is alive)	Retiree's death)
Normal/Early Retirement	Age 55 with 8/10~ yrs of svc **	Age 55 with 30 yrs of svc	Immediately	Medical	Medical	BCBS, BCN,	fully-insured	See Schedule D	See Schedule D	See Schedule D
nomal, zany neurement	Age 55 with 8/10 ^{&} yrs of svc **	Age 60 with 8 yrs of svc	,	Drug	Drug	BCBS MA, and	fully-insured	See Schedule D	See Schedule D	
	Age 55 with 30 yrs of svc	Age 62 with 10 yrs of svc		Dental	Dental	BCN MA^	fully-insured	Zero cost for Retiree with at least 20 yrs svc.	See Schedule D	See Schedule D
	Age 60 with 8/62 with 10~ yrs of svc	7.8c 02 With 20 713 01 340		Vision	Vision		fully-insured	Zero cost for Retiree with at least 20 yrs svc.	See Schedule D	
	Age 60 with 8/62 with 10 ^{&} yrs of svc				1.5.5		rany mourca	Leto cost of neuree with at reast 20 yrs sta	See Seriedare S	See Somedare B
	Age 65 with 0 yrs of svc					1				
	Age of Wall of Its or see								1	
Deferred Vested Termination	8 yrs of svc	None				N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
	10 yrs of svc~					N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
	10 yrs of svc ^{&}					N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
						N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
		Τ	T			1	T		1	
Non-Duty Disability	10 or more years of	10 or more years of		Medical	Medical	BCBS, BCN,	fully-insured	See Schedule D	See Schedule D	See Schedule D
	credited svc	credited svc		Drug	Drug	BCBS MA, and	fully-insured	See Schedule D	See Schedule D	See Schedule D
				Dental	Dental	BCN MA^	fully-insured			
				Vision	Vision		fully-insured			
Duty Disability	No age or svc requirement	No age or svc requirement	Immediately	Medical	Medical	BCBS, BCN,	fully-insured	See Schedule D	See Schedule D	See Schedule D
				Drug	Drug	BCBS MA, and	fully-insured	See Schedule D	See Schedule D	See Schedule D
				Dental	Dental	BCN MA^	fully-insured			
				Vision	Vision		fully-insured			
Non-Duty Death-in-Svc	10 or more years of	10 or more years of	Immediately	1	Medical	BCBS, BCN,	fully-insured	1		See Schedule D
,	credited svc	credited syc	-Surviving Spouse		Drug	BCBS MA, and	fully-insured			See Schedule D
					Dental	BCN MA^	fully-insured			
					Vision		fully-insured			
Duty Death-in-Svc	No age or svc requirement	No age or svc requirement	Immediately		Medical	BCBS, BCN,	fully-insured			See Schedule D
	Benefits begin upon	Benefits begin upon	-Surviving Spouse		Drug		fully-insured			See Schedule D
	termination of	termination of			Dental	BCN MA^	fully-insured			
	Worker's Compensation	Worker's Compensation			Vision		fully-insured			

Medicare Reimbursement is not offered to any members.

BABH part-time members do not qualify for retiree health care. They do not have access to the plan.

AFSCME withdrew representation in 2019. Former AFSCME Union employees are eligible to begin accruing eligibility for retiree health insurance (and dental/vision) as of 1/1/2020.

Retiree eligibility for dental and vision coverage is based on criteria in place at the time of retirement and years of eligible service credit.



[~] Behavioral Health AFSCME (Div No. 23): 10 yrs of svc (age 62 with 10 yrs of svc) for members hired on or after 10/1/2014.

[&]amp; Behavioral Health General (Div No. 24): 10 yrs of svc (age 62 with 10 yrs of svc) for members hired after 1/1/2015.

^{**} Eligible for retirement with a reduced pension.

[^] Medicare Advantage (MA)

Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH Summary of the Benefit Provisions as of December 31, 2023

Schedule D **Bay-Arenac Behavioral Health Retiree Health Insurance Premium Contribution** for Those Who Retire on or After January 16, 2004

Retiree Health Insurance Coverage - % paid by the employer based on years of service at retirement (subject to eligibility)

			Employer Paid	Retiree Paid
Years of Service	Employer Paid (%)	Retiree Paid (%)	Spousal Coverage	Spousal Coverage
8	40%	60%	0%	100%
9	45%	55%	0%	100%
10	50%	50%	0%	100%
11	55%	45%	0%	100%
12	60%	40%	0%	100%
13	65%	35%	0%	100%
14	70%	30%	0%	100%
15	75%	25%	0%	100%
16	80%	20%	0%	100%
17	85%	15%	0%	100%
18	90%	10%	0%	100%
19	95%	5%	0%	100%
20	100%	0%	0%	100%
21	100%	0%	5%	95%
22	100%	0%	10%	90%
23	100%	0%	15%	85%
24	100%	0%	20%	80%
25	100%	0%	25%	75%
26	100%	0%	30%	70%
27	100%	0%	35%	65%
28	100%	0%	40%	60%
29	100%	0%	45%	55%
30	100%	0%	50%	50%
31	100%	0%	55%	45%
32	100%	0%	60%	40%
33	100%	0%	65%	35%
34	100%	0%	70%	30%
35	100%	0%	75%	25%
36	100%	0%	80%	20%
37	100%	0%	85%	15%
38	100%	0%	90%	10%
39	100%	0%	95%	5%
40	100%	0%	100%	0%



SECTION D

SUMMARY OF VALUATION DATA

Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH Total Eligible Active Members as of December 31, 2023 by Age and Years of Eligibility Service*

		Years o	f Eligibilit	y Service t	o Valuatio	n Date		Totals
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.
15-19	1							1
20-24	11							11
25-29	19							19
30-34	17	4	1					22
35-39	10	17	3					30
40-44	10	9	7	2	1			29
45-49	18	6	5	5	5	1		40
50-54	12	6	12	2	7	3		42
55-59	2	4	3	2	3	3	2	19
60-64	4	2	5	2	2	1		16
65 & Over			1		1			2
Totals	104	48	37	13	19	8	2	231

^{*} Excludes 3 part-time employees. Members who belong to Behavioral Health AFSCME (Division 23) did not begin to accrue benefit service until 1/1/2020.

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

> 43.6 Age: years Service: 8.5 years



Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH Inactive Members as of December 31, 2023

Number of Retiree and Beneficiary Contracts

	Opt-Out/ Ineligible	One-Person Coverage^	Two-Person Coverage*	Total
Male	26	16	4	46
Female	59	60	8	127
Total	85	76	12	173

^{*} Includes family coverage.

[^] Includes retirees with dental/vision only.

	Current Retirees
	Number of Those Covered
Age	ВАВН
0-44	
45-49	
50-54	
55-59	7
60-64	25
65-69	28
70-74	14
75-79	9
80-84	4
85-89	
90-94	1
95 +	
Totals	88

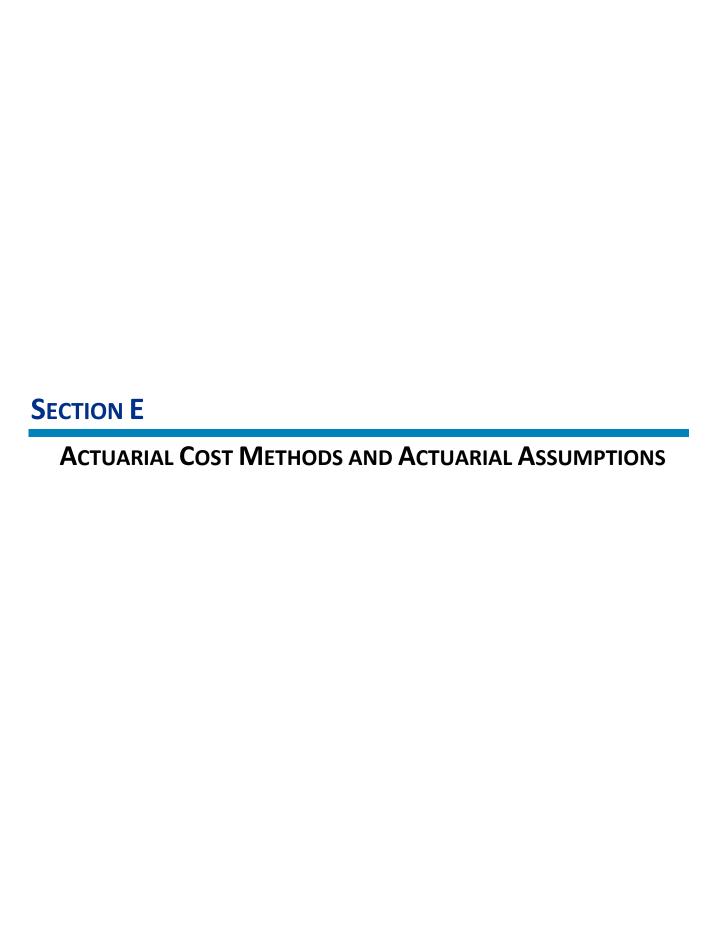
There are no terminated members eligible for deferred Plan benefits.



Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH Reported Financial Information Market Value

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2023	
Additions				
Contributions				
Employer	\$	0	\$	0
Nonemployer Contributing Entities		0		0
Active Employees		0		0
Member		0		0
Total Contributions	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Income				
Total Investment Income	\$	(3,718,379)	\$	3,078,997
Less Investment Expense		(46,703)		(58,366)
Net Investment Income	\$	(3,765,082)	\$	3,020,631
Other Miscellaneous income	\$	0	\$	0
Total Additions	\$	(3,765,082)	\$	3,020,631
Deductions				
Health Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$	0	\$	0
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense		13,729		40,113
Total Deductions	\$	13,729	\$	40,113
Net Increase in Net Position	\$	(3,778,811)	\$	2,980,518
Net Position Restricted for OPEB				
Beginning of Year	\$	26,464,691	\$	22,685,880
Audit Adjustment		0		0
End of Year	\$	22,685,880	\$	25,666,398





Actuarial Cost Method. Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using an Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method having the following characteristics:

- (i) The annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement; and
- (ii) Each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains (losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) (full funding credit if assets exceed liabilities) were amortized as a level percent of payroll. The UAAL was determined using the actuarial value of assets and actuarial accrued liability calculated as of the valuation date and projected to the beginning of the calendar year at the assumed rate of investment return.

Actuarial Value of Assets. The Actuarial Value of Assets is set equal to the reported market value of assets. The County reported the asset split between the various groups.

Amortization Factors. The following amortization factors were used in developing the Actuarially Determined Contribution for the calendar years shown:

	Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2026 2027	
Amortization Period	12	11
Level Percent of Pay	9.4911	8.8552



The rationale for all assumptions, except the investment return which was investigated separately and changed by the Board in fall 2018, used in this valuation is included in the five-year experience study ending December 31, 2021, issued August 31, 2023. All assumptions are expectations of future experience, not market measures.

Investment Return (net of investment expenses): 7.00% a year, compounded annually.

Rates of price inflation are not specifically used for this valuation. However, a rate of price inflation of 2.50% would be consistent with other assumptions in this report. This assumption was first adopted for the December 31, 2016 pension actuarial valuation.

Pay Projections. These assumptions are used to project current pays into the future. In addition to the Merit and Longevity rates shown in the table, members are also assumed to receive a base increase of 3.00%.

Annual Rate of Pay

	Increase for Merit & Longevity		
Years of			
Service	BABH		
1	3.00 %		
2	2.25		
3	1.50		
4	1.50		
5	0.75		
6+	0.75		

The merit and longevity payroll growth assumptions were first adopted for the December 31, 2016 pension actuarial valuation. The base wage inflation assumption was first adopted for the December 31, 2022 pension actuarial valuation.



Mortality. The mortality rates utilized are based upon the Pub-2010 amount-weighted General tables, in conjunction with the MP-2021 projection scale on a fully generational basis. The mortality assumptions were first adopted for the December 31, 2022 pension actuarial valuation. The tables used were as follows:

- Healthy Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Tables, amount weighted, and projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.
- Healthy Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, amountweighted, and projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.
- Disability Retirement: Pub-2010 General Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables, amount-weighted, and projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.

	Pre-Reti	Pre-Retirement		Healthy Post-Retirement		Retirement
	Future	e Life	Futur	Future Life		e Life
Sample	Expectance	ctancy (Years)^ Expectancy (Years)^ Expectancy		cy (Years)^		
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	39.14	41.30	35.52	38.45	26.29	29.23
55	34.13	36.20	30.63	33.48	22.79	25.64
60	29.23	31.17	25.91	28.61	19.62	22.31
65	24.47	26.24	21.42	23.88	16.69	19.04
70	19.82	21.41	17.16	19.34	13.88	15.67
75	15.28	16.69	13.23	15.09	11.12	12.37
80	10.86	12.14	9.75	11.27	8.53	9.43

[^] Based on retirements in 2023. Retirements in future years will reflect improvements in life expectancy.



The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows:

Percent of Active		
Members Retiring		
within Next Year		

	Within Heat real
Retirement	
Ages	BABH
55	18 %
56	13
57	13
58	13
59	13
60	28
61	23
62	13
63	13
64	13
65	28
66	13
67	13
68	13
69	13
70	100

The following table shows the rates of retirement for the 55 & 8 and/or 55 & 10 Early Pension Retirement provision:

55 & 8 and/or 55 & 10 Early Retirement

_	ne en en en
Retirement	
Ages	BABH
55	5 %
56	5
57	5
58	5
59	5
60	5
61	5

The retirement assumptions were first adopted for the December 31, 2012 pension actuarial valuation for Early Retirement and the December 31, 2022 pension actuarial valuation for Normal Retirement.



Rates of Disability. These rates represent the probabilities of active members becoming disabled. This assumption was first adopted for the December 31, 2016 pension actuarial valuation.

Percent Becoming Disabled			
Within the Next Year			
Sample			
Ages	ВАВН		
20	0.07 %		
25	0.07		
30	0.07		
35	0.07		
40	0.19		
45	0.25		
50	0.46		

We assumed that 85% of disabilities are non-duty related and 15% are duty related.

55

60

Rates of Separation from Active Membership. These rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability. This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment. This assumption was first adopted for the December 31, 2022 pension actuarial valuation.

% of Active Members		
Separating within Next Year		

0.84

1.33

Sample	Years of	
Ages	Service	ВАВН
ALL	0	19.80%
	1	11.88%
	2	11.88%
	3	10.56%
	4	10.56%
20	5 & Over	8.25
25		8.25
30		7.70
35		7.70
40		4.40
45		3.30
50		2.20
55		2.20
60		2.20



Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions for Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH as of December 31, 2023

Administrative Expenses No explicit assumption has been made for administrative expenses.

Decrement Operation Disability and death-in-service decrements do not operate during the first

five years of service. Disability and withdrawal do not operate during

retirement eligibility.

Decrement Timing Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.

Eligibility Testing Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday

and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to

occur.

Incidence of Contributions Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the

year based upon the contributions shown in this report.

Marriage Assumption 100% of males and 100% of females are assumed to be married for

purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be

three years older than female spouses.

Medicare Coverage Assumed to be available for all covered employees on attainment of age

65. Disabled retirees were assumed to be eligible for Medicare coverage

at age 65.

Part-Time Employees Part-time employees are not eligible for retiree health care benefits even

if they are eligible for benefits from the Retirement System. Part-time

employees were excluded from the valuation.

Data Adjustments New retirees reported with coverage and no reported cost share were

assigned a cost share based on the amount of benefit service reported on

the individual's pension retirement calculation.

Health Care Coverage

at Retirement

The table below shows the assumed portion of future retirees electing one-person or two-person/family coverage, or opting out of coverage entirely. For those that elect two-person coverage, the assumption regarding the percentage of retirees that would continue coverage to the

spouse upon death of the retiree is also shown.

		Two-Per		
	One-Person	Electing	Continuing	Opt-Out
Male	45%	30%	80%	25%
Female	55%	20%	80%	25%





HISTORICAL FUNDED RATIO INFORMATION

Historical Funded Ratio

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31	Actuarial Value of Assets ¹ (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Present Value of Future Benefits (c)
2015 ²	\$ 14,398,127	\$ 8,502,548	\$ (5,895,579)	169.3 %	\$10,176,104
2017	17,542,745	9,145,032	(8,397,713)	191.8 %	10,954,894
2018	16,701,533	9,580,256	(7,121,277)	174.3 %	11,594,789
2019	20,083,529	7,829,565	(12,253,964)	256.5 %	9,391,625
2021	26,464,691	7,545,806	(18,918,885)	350.7 %	9,136,362
2023	25,666,398	10,338,798	(15,327,600)	248.3 %	12,302,742

¹ The Actuarial Value of Assets is set equal to the Market Value of Assets.



² Results based on 7.50% rate of investment return.

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY

Glossary

Accrued Service. The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability."

Actuarial Assumptions. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

Actuarial Equivalent. A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.

Actuarial Present Value. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Actuarially Determined Contribution. The Actuarially Determined Contribution is the normal cost plus the portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to be amortized in the current period. The Actuarially Determined Contribution is an amount that is actuarially determined so that, if paid on an ongoing basis, it would be expected to provide sufficient resources to fund both the normal cost for each year and the amortized unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Amortization. Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the private, nonpartisan, nonprofit organization that works to create and improve the rules U.S. state and local governments follow when accounting for their finances and reporting them to the public.

Implicit Rate Subsidy. It is common practice for employers to allow retirees to continue in the employer's group health insurance plan (which also covers active employees), often charging the retiree some portion of the premium charged for active employees. Under the theory that retirees have higher utilization of services, the difference between the true cost of providing retiree coverage and what the retiree is being charged is known as the implicit rate subsidy.



Glossary

Medical Trend Rate (Health Care Inflation). The increase in the cost of providing health care benefits over time. Trend includes such elements as pure price inflation, changes in utilization, advances in medical technology, and cost shifting.

Normal Cost. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB). OPEB are postemployment benefits other than pensions. OPEB generally takes the form of health insurance, dental, vision, prescription drugs, life insurance or other health care benefits.

Reserve Account. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded actuarial accrued liability."

Valuation Assets. The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes.





December 18, 2024

Ms. Jennifer Davenport
Retirement Administrator/Accountant
Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan
Bay County Building
515 Center Avenue
Bay City, Michigan 48708

Re: Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan

Dear Ms. Davenport:

Enclosed are 20 copies of the December 31, 2023 actuarial funding valuation of the Bay County Retiree Health Care Plan - BABH.

Should you have any questions on the enclosed report, please feel free to call me.

Respectfully submitted, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

Shana M. Neeson, ASA, FCA, MAAA

SMN:rmn Enclosures

cc: James D. Anderson, GRS